



Loal elections: ‘Tipping point’ for South Africa

Prof William Gumede | School of
Governance
University of the Witwatersrand



WITS SCHOOL OF
GOVERNANCE



UNIVERSITY OF THE WITWATERSRAND, JOHANNESBURG

Hortgro: South Africa Political and Economic Overview

25 May 2026

Prof William Gumede

School of Governance

University of the Witwatersrand, Johannesburg

THE GREAT DISRUPTION.

- New World – Reshaped global institutions, trade rules, traditional country partnerships;
- UN, WTO, global institutions disrupted;
- US Trump 'America First', development aid cuts;
- Global economy disruption: tech companies, AI, merging human and technology worlds;
- Disruption: critical resources underpinning tech-driven economy;
- US/Israel war with Iran – disrupt Middle East economies, global supply chains;
- Iran war pushes renewable energy transition;
- Rise of mini + regional trade conflicts;
- China state-subsidised manufacturing disrupts;
- China's coming agriculture disruption; economies;
- Rising climate disruption.

GLOBAL DISRUPTION.

- Country trade agreements based on economic interests;
- Rise of country-to-country partnerships;
- Trump disrupt established global trade blocs: BRICS, NATO, EU;

AFRICA DISRUPTION.

- US trade tariffs, development aid cuts impact;
- Africa unstable – violent, corrupt military rule, liberation parties;
- Rise of fundamentalism;
- AU, African regional institutions battling;
- Africa free trade deal ineffective.

South Africa: PHALA PHALA DISRUPTION.



ANC Disruption:

Ramaphosa
Impeachment;
Could have criminal
proceedings against
Ramaphosa;
Possible neutral ANC
successor.



GNU Disruption:

Could be end of current
GNU;
Possible ANC-EFF-MK
realignment.



Local Election Disruption:

ANC fall to 30% floor;
Johannesburg 17% of
SA GDP – could be DA;
PA, EFF, MK rise.



ANC Decline Disruption:

Rise of Extra-Parliamentary
politics;
Ramaphosa essentially lame-
duck.



ANC and Cosatu experience
another breakaway: **SACP,**
backed by NUM,
standalone in 2026 local
elections



State, Democracy, Economy Challenges.

01

Impeachment may undermine institutions – SARS, Reserve Bank;

02

60% Youth unemployment electoral, democracy, economy risk;

03

Public education system decline – in world where technology critical;

04

ANC anti-business ideology across society;

05

Must do state efficiency reforms without cutting jobs;

06

Corruption has become everyday;

07

US targeted sanctions against ANC leaders likely, including Ramaphosa, could destabilise SA;

08

ANC could integrate SA economy with China or with rogue states – disastrous.



SA RISKS

- 1 Ramaphosa exits, anti-GNU ANC successor partner with EFF/MK; DA refuses to get black leader.
- 2 SA aligns itself to one big power, China – and not diversify partnerships.
- 3 BRICS partners – competitors to SA in alternative US markets.
- 4 ANC may become more populist in economic crisis: expropriation, more anti-business.
- 5 Risk of GNU not reasonably delivering – can strengthen left populist electoral parties.



SA's OPPORTUNITIES.



Strong civil society + business.



**Critical Minerals + Renewable Energy
Opportunities.**



**Still strong institutions – that survived
state capture.**



Strong judiciary.



**Diversity of South Africa + Diversity,
Coalition Politics.**



**Manufacturing and infrastructure
ecosystems not entirely eroded.**